

2015 早稲田大学国際教養学部【英語】

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READING SECTION

I

- (1) 1-G 2-D 3-J 4-E 5-K 6-C 7-F 8-A
(2) A, B, H, K
(3) 1-C 2-E 3-E 4-C 5-C 6-A 7-C 8-B
(4) C
(5) D

II

- (1) 1-B 2-C 3-E 4-C 5-B 6-C 7-E 8-D
(2) 1-E 2-B 3-E 4-C 5-D 6-D 7-C 8-D
(3) 1-B 2-D 3-A 4-C 5-D 6-C 7-B 8-B

WRITING SECTION

III

〔解答例1〕

2020年7・8月に開催が予定された東京オリンピックは、極端に暑い天候になると心配されている。摂氏38度の中で男子マラソンが行われれば、ここ120年間で最高の暑さであり、半分以上が途中退場した1900年のパリ大会を超える。

ある合衆国の機関によれば、38度の気温に、東京の平均湿度の71%が合わさると、体感温度は63度となる。一方、2004年8月のアテネ大会は35度であった。また、1964年10月の東京大会では、平均最高気温は19.6度、同年7、8月の平均気温は31.4(7月)、33.2(8月)度であった。

〔解答例2〕

2020年7・8月に開催が予定された東京オリンピックは、極端に暑い天候になると心配されている。男子マラソンで、多数の中途辞退者が生じるかもしれない。東京の湿度の高さは、体感温度を引き上げ、2004年8月のアテネ大会を超える。前回東京で行われた1964年の夏の方がずっと涼しかったということもある。

〔解答例3〕

2020年の東京オリンピックは最も暑い時期である7月と8月に開催されるため、選手は

猛暑の中で競技を行うこと心配される。男子マラソンで 38 度を超えると少なくとも 120 年間で最も暑い気温のもとで走ることになる。東京は湿度が高いため体感温度がかなり高く感じられ、たとえば 38 度と 71 パーセントという平均湿度が合わさると 63 度のように感じられるようだ。

IV

〔解答例 1〕

Being criminally responsible is all about understanding the consequences of your actions. If a child of four in the U.S. finds the family gun and shoots someone, that child clearly doesn't know what is happening, and cannot be punished. However, as we grow older, we become more aware. By the time children are fifteen, they know very well what a gun can do, and if a youth of this age shoots someone, the state must take action. Since the youth is still developing mentally and emotionally, a prison sentence is inappropriate. He or she should be sent to a reform school, where education continues but within strictly limited levels of freedom.

I think we should bring the age of criminal responsibility in line with the age at which we are considered to be fully adult in other areas. Perhaps the age of 18, when we leave high school and become independent by going on to university or into a job, and when we can marry and fight for our country, would be suitable. An 18-year-old who attacks someone is fully aware of what he or she is doing, and should be punished accordingly.

The older we become, the more we grow set in our ways. When we are young, we respond to guidance and education rather than punishment but once we are adults, we may respond more to punishment than to schooling. However, when we send people to prison, we should never throw away the key. I would set the age of criminal responsibility around 18 to bring it in line with other laws that regard people as adults while not forgetting to educate and rehabilitate every criminal, of whatever age.

〔解答例 2〕

While careful examination of a number of factors must precede any legal determination of the age of criminal responsibility, in the case of Japan, I believe the current juvenile law strikes a good balance between the dual aims of defending infancy and crime prevention. Amid the lowering trend in the age of young offenders and the increasingly atrocious nature of juvenile crime, the Juveniles Act, which aims at the protection of minors, was amended in 2000, when the "criminally punishable" age was

lowered from 16 to 14. Fourteen years of age is when adolescents are in their last (or second-to-last) year of compulsory education, by which time they are expected to have learned how each member of society must take responsibility and deal with the consequences by paying a price for their misdeeds. According to the Ministry of Justice, the number of violent juvenile crimes has been reduced to a quarter of that in the post-war years over the last few decades, which is good news not only for the proponents of the status quo but also for all residents and visitors.

LISTENING SECTION 省略

【講評】

ここ数年の出題傾向からの変化は見られない。I. の評論文では論旨展開を大きく捉え、客観的にロジックを把握することが大事。II. のフィクションでは、Who (誰が) What (何を) When (いつ) Where (どこで) Why (なぜ) したのか を捉え、story を視覚化しながら読みたい。III. の要約は、例示や数値的データを削り、general statements を抽出するようにする。日本語による要約と自由英作文は例年通りの出題である。

トフルゼミナール